

THIS SPACE
IS FOR SALE

Western Globe.

Lacombe, Alta.

LAPALMA CIGARS

The Edmonton Cigar

\$2.00 A BOX

Just the thing for the Lake
and You Can Get Them At
McLEAR'S THE POOL MAN

VOLUME VIII

CHAS. B. HALPIN, Editor and Manager

LACOMBE, WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1913

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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR



A KITCHEN CABINET Saves Time and Steps

"A Place For Everything, and So Handy
That You Cannot Help Keeping
Everything In Place."

Different Sizes & Designs
LET US SHOW YOU

Morrison & Johnston Ltd
Hardware Implements Furniture

Who is Your
Dentist?
DR. SHUTEL

FRED TAYLOR
BLACKSMITH
Horse Shoeing
a Specialty.

Mrs. P. McDonald
TEACHER OF
PIANO, VOICE and ORGAN
Fencing in Oil and Water colors
Class Street Lacombe
Phone 149

Eyes That Cause Headaches

Can be corrected so that the headaches
disappear. That is a simple truth, but
many still doubt and hesitate. You
do not take any risk with us. We
guarantee to do what we say. If your
eyes cause headache, we can relieve
the strain and give you perfect comfort.

No Charge To
Show you How

C. R. DENIKE

Watchmaker Jeweler Optician

Note:—Our watch repairing department is conducted as system-
atically, our work as accurate as thoroughness will allow.

FOR SALE

COAL: COAL: COAL:
1 grade Clyde brood mare. 1 milk cow.
Set of single harness.

DR. HARRINGTON, V.S.

See Us

About the excellent bargains now offering in the way of re-
sidential property and farm lands. Here are some of them:
160 acres all fenced and cross fenced; house 2-storey, six 16
x 28; two barns 24 x 26; two wells and creek; 82 acres cultiva-
tion. Price \$3,000.

TO EXCHANGE FOR ALBERTA LAND
330 acres; 3 miles from Palaco, Texas; on salt water bay;
other improvements; 100 acres 4-roomed house; good barn and
in cultivation; soil a black, sandy loam; a quantity of grapes,
figs and oranges grown. Price \$55 per acre.

WILSON & MORTIMER

LATE
ASTLEY & WILSON
OFFICE—Railway St., Lacombe. Phone 122

Campers' Supplies

Hammocks \$2.00 to \$10. Baby Hammocks \$1.75 to \$3
Edison Phonographs and Records
Victor Gramophones and Records
Neilson's and Lowney's Chocolates
Water Wings
Flags from 25 cents per dozen up
Eastman Kodaks, Films & Supplies
(We do developing and finishing for amateurs.)
Books, Magazines and Souvenir Post Cards
For Tan and Sunburn try our Witch Hazel Cream
A complete line of Toilet Preparations
For Mosquitos try our Mosquito Lotion

McDermid Drug Co.
Limited

SALE OF LACE AND EMBROIDERY



Great sacrifice in our stock
of lace and embroidery to re-
duce our stock, consisting of all-
overs, flouncings, edgings and
insertions in a beautiful range
of patterns. Samples free by
mail.

Mrs. G. G. MOBLEY.
NANTON STREET LACOMBE

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES



Pretty summer dresses of
grand washing materials at
prices hard to beat. We have
never had such value for quality.

In with this lot is a range of
boys wash suits, made of gala-
tea and duck. Consider these
prices, and you won't go to the
trouble of making them.

Children's wash dresses in sky and white, and pink and
white, striped gingham, trimmed plain colors, with gold but-
tons; sizes 1 to 5 years. \$1.50

A range of wash dresses which are quite a style apart from
any others; colors white, red or tan, trimmed with multi color-
ed braid down front and collar. See these smart little dresses
at \$1.75.

Blue and white check wash dresses, trimmed with plain
blue with piping to finish, very neat \$1.90.

Boys wash suits in navy and white; bloomer style trousers;
2 to 8 years at \$1.25.

Wash suits for boys in middy style of tan galatea; brown
and white soutache braid trims the collar; a brown tie and
gold buttons make a smart finish; 2 to 10 years \$2.50

White duck suits for boys; 2 to 10 years, trimmed sailor col-
lar of blue and white; pearl buttons \$2.00

Barettes, Back Combs and Side Combs

Here we have a fine stock of
barettes of light and dark col-
ored tortoise shell at 25c.
25c., 50c., \$1.00 to \$4.00.
Unlimited quantity of side or
back combs in tortoise shell,
amber or black in every style;
Prices from 25c. to \$2.00.



NECKWEAR

We have a delightful stock of new summer neckwear of every
dainty, fashionable idea. You will do well to see this stock.

LADIES' SUMMER HOSE



Ladies' black cotton hose at 25 cents per pair, and seamless; double soles, and perfectly fast
dye. This is a stocking sold usually at 35 cents per pair. 25 cts.

Summer weight fancy lisle thread hose in black in all ladies sizes, selling all season for
45 cents; now 35c. pr.

Ladies' fine quality plain lisle thread hose; double soles; durable and fast dye at 35c. pr.

A quantity of fancy hose in colors mauve, sky, pink, with floral design, or navy with col-
ored stripes; regular price for this quality 50c; clearing at 35c. pr.

All sizes in finest quality in ladies' black lisle hose; double soles 45c. pr.

Fine quality all wool cashmere ladies hose 35c. pr.

Ladies black cashmere hose; all wool, warranted durable; grand quality at 50c. pr.

Children's socks in black; all wool cashmere; regular price 25 cents; all sizes 15c. pr.

From 1 to 6 years, tan fancy cotton socks for children; regular 25 cents for 15c. pr.

CLEARING OF SUMMER WASH DRESSES



A collection of dainty summer wash dresses at much below
regular prices offers attraction in our ready to wear department.
Scotch gingham and percales are the materials in good wash-
ing colors, neatly and prettily trimmed dresses of exclusive de-
signs.

Ladies' wash dresses; black and white check gingham, trim-
med effectively with alic blue; a smart dress at \$1.50.

Navy and white spot wash dresses, in sky and white, and
brown and white gingham, in fine quality; nicely trimmed in
each case with sky or brown linen on front and sleeves \$2.90

White with navy spot wash dress of percale, trimmed with
narrow piping of plain navy; 34 to 40 \$2.90.

Pink and white check gingham wash dress, trimmed front,
waistline and sleeves with pink chambray \$2.90.

Ladies' wash dress of blue, black and white check, trimmed
in exclusive idea, in tan; 32 to 38 \$3.50.

White and navy wash dress, trimmed with blue \$2.25.

Black and white check gingham wash dress with large sail-
or collar of black, trimmed on bodice with black piping; black
waist-band \$4.00.

Ladies' wash dress of new blue percale; white lined; collar and cuffs; large pearl buttons
down front \$4.00

MEN'S FURNISHINGS FOR SUMMER



The lowest possible prices for absolute quality in every ar-
ticle in men's wear, from collar to boots. The well-dressed man
has the opportunity of purchasing goods which in every way
appeals to his taste, and, more important still, the pocketbook

Mens New Shirts at \$1.25

They are roomy, form-fitting, comfortable and properly
fitting neckbands; all exclusive designs; a large variety to pick
from; sizes 14 to 18 at \$1.25.
Men's straw hats; newest style, in fine straw; all sizes,
at \$2.50.
Clearing a line of men's felt hats, usually sold at from \$2.00
to \$2.50 to clear at \$1.50.

Men's Summer Underwear

Balbriggan combinations; exceptional value at \$1.25 a suit.

Boys' Jersey Sweaters

A recent arrival in good colors and of the finest wool; sizes
from 20 to 32 at \$1.25.

Boys' Odd Knickers

Made of light mixed tweeds; bloomer style; 22 to 32; at
much below regular price; 65c. to \$1.35 pair

New Amherst Shoes

The ideal shoe for rough and ready wear; all leather-made,
and sewn with waxed double linen thread \$2.00 to \$5.00 pr.
Boys Amherst shoes; the kind which give complete satisfac-
tion \$2.00 to \$2.75.

Men's bathing suits of navy, cotton edging on sleeves and
legs in white; all sizes at \$1.00

F. E. McLEOD

Lacombe

STOVES and RANGES AT WHOLESALE PRICES

Good Steel 4 hole Cook Stove, \$11. Large 6 hole Steel Range, reservoir and high closet for \$27.00. If you buy one of any size, you will have a range that will last you a lifetime, and as nice a looking range as money can buy with oven, thermometer, and everything up-to-date.

O. BOODE.
The STOVE and RANGE MAN

Pioneer Meat Market



ALL THE DELICACIES are ready for your table at Cole & Slater's market. Spring lamb, spring pork, spring ducks, squabs, finely flavored sausages. Also the choicest cuts and roasts of beef, mutton, veal and the freshest of poultry. Everything necessary for good living that a well educated meat market can supply.

COLE & SLATER
Telephone 15
Lacombe Alberta
Delivery at 9 and 11 a.m.

Farm and Village Property For Sale

J. McNicol
Blackfalds

J. Bullis

Town scavenger, is now prepared to clean yards, haul out manure, or do other team work.

F. V. PARSONS

Nanton street
EQUIP PUMP WORKS
PUMPS & PUMP FITTINGS
Water fittings - Steam fittings
Windmills, Gasoline Engines,
Hose and fittings. Wood turning
done at shop. If you want
your pump or windmill fixed up
or water put through the house
see me.

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator, never fails. These pills are especially powerful in regulating the menstrual periods of the female system. Relief is obtained in all cases. Dr. de Van's are sold at all drug stores. Price 25c per box. Mail to any address. Dr. de Van's, St. Catharines, Ont.

At Lacombe Drug Co.

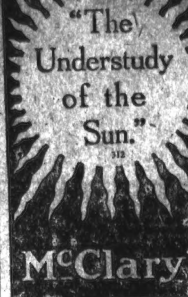
TENDERS WANTED

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned for the erection of a two-story school building at Clive, Alberta; to be built of solid brick; concrete basement has been completed. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Sec'y-Treas. A certified cheque for 10 per cent. of contract must accompany each tender. The cheques of all unsuccessful bidders will be returned within five days after tenders are opened. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

These tenders will be closed on Saturday, July 20th, 1912, and all tenders, plans and specifications must be in the hands of the Sec'y-Treas. on or before that time.
Clive School District No. 701.
F. S. FULTHORP,
Sec'y-Treas.
(July 10-2).

SUNSHINE FURNACE

"The Understudy of the Sun."



Sold by A. M. CAMPBELL

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 15 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Land Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader. Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section along side his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption homestead in certain districts, Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. (J5 6m)

FLOUR-FLOUR

Now is the time to buy your flour before it goes higher. It has already gone up \$1.00 per barrel in the east and may still go higher. We have quite a lot of flour on hand at present, and can make you a good price now on 500 lb. lots or more—DAN-NER MILLING CO.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the estate of William Henry Cumming, late of the town of Lacombe, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late William Henry Cumming, who died on the 29th day of February, A.D. 1912 are required to send to J. A. Jackson, Barrister, etc., Ponoka, Alberta, on or before the First day of September, A.D. 1912, a full statement of their claims, duly verified, and after that date the executors, Nicholas Cumming and Sarah Cumming will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with J. A. Jackson, Barrister, etc., Ponoka, Alberta.

Dated at Ponoka, Alberta, this 29th day of June, 1912.
J. A. JACKSON, Solicitor (or the Executors).

(J3-3c)

M. Mecklenburg, A.M., the famous eye specialist of 313 Jasper, E. Edmonton, will spend his vacation, July 6 to 16, in our town and it will be to your advantage to consult him about your eyes at his office, Room 8, Adelphi Hotel.

Dysentery is always and often a dangerous disease, but it can be cured. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has cured it even when malignant and epidemic. For sale by the Lacombe Drug Co.

WILSON AND ROOSEVELT

The nomination of Governor Wilson was followed immediately by conspicuous defections of prominent Progressive Republicans in various parts of the United States, from the Roosevelt standard. The manner in which such defections continue the seceders, announcing that Governor Wilson is a progressive enough candidate for them to support, adds to the credibility of the story which is going the newspaper rounds that Col. Roosevelt's son Kermit said in reply to a Senator who inquired, during the Baltimore convention, what his father was doing, that "pop was praying for Champ Clark."

The Roosevelt following at Chicago is already divided into three parts. There are those who refuse to bolt, announcing that they will stick to the Republican party and vote for Taft; there are those who will go over to the Democrats, rallying to the leadership of Wilson; and there are those who will follow Roosevelt wherever he lead them. Of the first-class Governor Hadley, of Missouri, is a conspicuous representative, and the second Governor Osborn, of Michigan, while of the third, who are being dubbed the "Bull Moose" party, Messrs. Pinchot, Perkins and Munsey are notable examples. Wilson's former following, divided, leaving him with but a fraction of the support he had until Wilson's nomination, seems to be a general belief that the third party movement is doomed. Roosevelt, of course, is proclaiming himself more determined than ever, but it begins to appear that his star is sinking before the rising star of Wilson.

What is undoubtedly a very general view in the United States in regard to Roosevelt is thus set forth by the New York

FELICITY

(J. Galsworthy, in 'Nation')
When God is so good to the fields, of what use are words—those poor husks of sentiment! There is no punting Felicity on the wings! No way of getting on to the canvas, the flying strip of things. A single buttercup of the twenty millions in one field is worth all these dry symbols—that can never body forth the very spirit of—that feather of May be a hedgehog, of this choir of birds and bees, and of the lost-travelling down of the anemones, and white-throated swallows in their yesses. Just here there are no skylarks, yet with joy of song and leaf; of lanes lighted with bright trees, the few oaks still golden-brown, and the ashes still spiritual! Only the black birds and thrushes can sing up this day, and cuckoos over the hill. The year has flown so fast that the apple trees have dropped nearly all their bloom, and in 'long meadow' the 'daggers' are out early, beside the narrow, bright streams. Orpheus sits there on a stone, when nobody is by, and pipes to the ponies; and Pan can often be seen dancing with his nymphs in the raised beech grove where the bluebirds sing. If you sit still against the bar, Who can believe in growing old, so long as we are wrapped in this cloak of color and wings and song, so long as this unimaginable vision is here for us to gaze at; the soft-faced sheep about us, and the wool-bags drying out along the fence, and great numbers of tiny ducks, so grateful that the crows have taken a severe.

Blue as the color of youth, and all the blue flowers have a 'fey' look. Everything seems young—too young to work. There is but one thing busy, a starling, fetching grub for its little family, above my head—it must take that flight at least two hundred times a day. The children will be very fat.

When the sky is so happy, and the flowers so possible that the bright angels of this day shall pass into dark night, that slowly these wings shall close, and the cuckoo praise himself to sleep, mad midgets dance in the grass shiver with dew, wind die, and no bird sing.

Yet so it is. Day has gone—the song and glamor and swoop of wings. Slowly has passed this happy night. It is night. But Felicity has not withdrawn; she has not changed her robe for silence, velvet, and the pearl fan of the moon. Everything is sleeping save a single star, and the passing of the stars shows the waterfalls that the other flowers I do not know. The expressions of their faces, if one bends down into the dusk, are sweeter and more cunning than ever. They have some compact, no doubt, in hand. What a number of voices those were that have

A MARTYR TO HAY FEVER

"Fruit-a-lives" Cured After 15 Years' Suffering

CONNAULT, CHATEAU, ONT.
November 27th 1911.
"I was an martyr to Hay Fever, probably fifteen years and I suffered terribly at times. I consulted many physicians and took their treatment, and I tried every remedy I heard of as being good for Hay Fever but nothing helped me.
Then I heard of "Fruit-a-lives" and decided to try them, and I am thankful to say that this remedy cured me completely.
To every sufferer from Hay Fever, I wish to say—Try Fruit-a-lives. This medicine cured me when every other treatment failed, and I am thankful to say that this remedy cured me—Hay Fever!"

The real cause of Hay Fever is poisoned blood due to the faulty action of the bowels, kidneys and skin. "Fruit-a-lives" cleans the blood by regulating bowels, kidneys and skin, and thus relieves the excessive strain on the nervous system. Try "Fruit-a-lives" a box, 6 for \$3.00, trial size, 50c. All dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

face of it is a little strange. It is not like yesterday. Queer—day that's a pain, and no night like a night that's coming! Why then, fear death which is but night. Why care, if next day have different face and spirit? The sun has lighted but a few feet, the wind touches the line tree. Something passes over me away up there. It is Felicity on her wings.

A Narrow Escape

When B. F. Craig, the mail-carrier from the west, did not show up Tuesday morning a good deal of anxiety was manifested, especially among those known that the streams would be swollen on account of the heavy rains. Information was received Tuesday afternoon that he had met with a serious accident while attempting to cross a creek near Mr. Sisty's, at Springdale. It appears that the water was running over the culvert, and that the approach had been washed away, with the result that one of the horses fell, dragging the other one after it. The stream is narrow, but considered to be about 15 feet deep, and running very fast. Besides Mr. Craig there were several passengers in the wagon, and had the accident not been witnessed by parties near by, who rendered prompt assistance, all might have been drowned. As it was, the team was lost, along with the wagon, and all the mail and other goods carried.—Ponoka Herald.

Private Funds To Loan.

A limited amount of private money to loan on farm security, at moderate interest. Short terms if desired. Also

Company Funds

I represent the best companies in the business and can make any reasonable terms of payment. Their record is a guarantee of most liberal treatment after your loan is placed and it will be placed quickly, cheaply and quietly.

Office Day Block.

John McKenty

G. D. ALDRIDGE E. T. BRADSHAW

Are you looking for a home?

If so, don't fail to see

The Medicine Valley Land Co.,

WITTENBURG P.O. ALBERTA

We have improved lands ranging in prices from \$10.00 to \$20.00 per acre, located in one of the richest mining and dairying districts in Southern Alberta. Our lands are located within 5 to 15 miles of railways. Abundance of fuel, fencing and building material. Lumber can be had at \$10.00 to \$12.00 per M. B. Water is of the very best. Good neighborhood, schools, etc.

Let us drive you over some of the best land you ever saw. We can show you just what you have been looking for.

We need money on improved lands at 8 per cent. We are general agents for C. P. R. Land.

Stage to Wittenburg & Medicine Valley Tuesdays, Weds. & Sat.

ALDRIDGE & BRADSHAW

Wittenburg Alberta

The Best

of Fruit and Confectionery

And the Purest Groceries

Phone Orders Promptly attended to.

PHONE 65

E. W. HOWARD

buys wings with gold. Full day has come again—but the

Classified Ads.

WANTED

Good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. G. I. Mobley.

MAID WANTED

In a small family; no washing; duties will be light; a good home for a good girl. Apply, stating salary required to Mrs. D. M. McColl, 453, 13th St., Edmonton. (J26-3c)

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
Dr. D. G. Peat, V.S., Breeder and dealer in horses and cattle, pure-bred Holstein-Friesian cattle of extra quality. Horses and mares, weight 3500 lbs., 2700 lbs. and 2400 lbs. per team. Standard bred driving horses. Call, phone or write Dr. Peat, 2 miles east and 2 miles south of Lacombe. (J26-3c)

OXEN FOR SALE
Four well broken oxen for sale Sec. 12, Twp. 39, Rge. 25, O. BAINES, Pleasant Valley. *J19

SALE OR EXCHANGE
1 pure-bred Hereford bull, age 6 years. Apply to M. E. BENTLEY, Gilby. (J26-3c)

HOUSE FOR SALE

J. W. Shirley's house on Stanley Street is for sale. Look it over. (J26-4i)

FOR SALE

73 pigs at weaning time; born between June 12th and 20th; also pigs from ten sows due to pig within two months; price \$1 per pig and down, according to quality. Will also sell 15 sows from \$35 and up. All are Yorkshires. Apply Roy H. Trout, Blackfalds. (J26-3c)

OXEN FOR SALE

Voke of oxen for sale; weigh over a ton each; 8 years old and well broken. Apply O. Lundeen, Lacombe. (J26-3c)

FOR SALE

Ten milch cows among them Ayrshires and half-Ayrshires. For several years I have been milking, and the result is a choice herd of 30 dairy cows. Failing health is the sole reason for reducing the number. A. W. ARCHIBALD, Glen View ranch, Lochinvar, Alta., N.W. 30-42-27. goods carried.—Ponoka Herald. (J26-2p)

Miscellaneous

THE WHITE HOUSE
BARNETT AVE.
Rooms to let; board by day or week. F. W. DOWLEY, Lacombe. Phone 17 (M-6-4-C)

JELLIS BROS.

General Building Contractors

Estimates and Plans Free.

Workmanship Guaranteed. CALL.

ALEX. HALL

Building Contractor

Residents of Lacombe and district who intend building will be wise to consult me. Prices, plans and estimates prepared free of charge.

Workmanship Guaranteed! P.O. Box 275, Lacombe

L. PETERKA

SHOEMAKER

Has removed his shoemaking and repair shop to the house in rear of Titworth's Furniture Store, and will be pleased to meet his old customers there. First class work guaranteed and charges reasonable. (Jul-31)

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphorus in its proper tension restores vitality and strength. It is the only remedy for all ailments of the body. It is sold by all druggists. The Lacombe Drug Co., Lacombe, Ont.

LUMBER FOR SALE

Dressed lumber, at the mill, \$15 per 1,000 either dimension or boards. Delivered in Lacombe or like distance \$18 per 1,000. Mill situated 18 miles N.W. of Lacombe. Phone or write.

A. E. DRADER

Box 85, Lacombe.

Lacombe Feed Store

and Chop Mill

All kinds of home-produced feeds carried for retail market. Attractive prices on 1,000 lbs. lots. Custom grinding and wood sawing.

Seed rye and wheat for sale Apply

E. S. STANLEY

LABOR LEADERS AND STRIKES

Strange things have happened in the social and political history of Great Britain, but perhaps nothing stranger than the declaration of war against strikes just pronounced by Mr. Philip Snowden and Mr. Keir Hardie. Both these gentlemen have been associated with radical labor movements, and during the strikes which have kept the industrial life of the United Kingdom in a continuous turmoil during the last year or more they have given unqualified support to the cause of the strikers. Kingsley in 'Alton Locke' describes a strike of sixty years ago before labor was as much organized as it is today, and a very 'heroic' and pathetic and yet effective thing it was. But the modern strike is of a different character. The strikes which have recently followed each other so thick and fast in the home lands have seemed to be imbued with the very essence of tyranny, have aimed at the destruction of the freedom of the individual worker, and have made direct attack upon the public welfare. Ordinary people saw very plainly that for all its sound and fury the strike was calculated to accomplish little for the worker. They prophesied that any apparent advantage he might gain through such measures would prove to be only 'fair gold,' and would vanish as soon as they saw the light. But halloed on by their leaders the workers hurried from one extreme to another.

Last summer the shipping and railway strikes and the many minor strikes which synchronized with them brought the United Kingdom within the boundaries of civil war. Strife was engendered, blood was shed, food stuffs and property destroyed, business dislocated, and agreements set at naught. The lawless element, which in all our cities is with difficulty kept in check by the civil power, took advantage of the annual strain upon that power, and added its wild quota to the welter of confusion. So in Liverpool, Dublin and other places the most violent rioting occurred. But the strike leaders denounced these unnecessary measures to preserve order as government tyranny, and as for the rioting they assumed their followers that such behavior was unwarrantable and unworthy of men. Then came the still more serious coal strike, and the establishment of the principle of the minimum wage. Apparently encouraged by this result the transport workers of London went out and threatened to tie up the business of the whole country by the inauguration of a general and national strike. But it had become quite evident to those who had taken part in the previous strikes that 'the man in the street' had not been far wrong, and the game was not worth the candle. After everything had been said and done the worker was much in the same position as before. If wages had gone up so had expenses. Add to this that he lost several weeks' work, that employment was not as steady as formerly, and that in many cases friendly relations with an

employer had been replaced by mutual dislike and suspicion, and it will not be difficult to see why the transport strike petered out so suddenly. It will, we think, be found to be a practical rule that where a strike has the sympathy of the public, as many strikes have, the strikers gain their main demands, but where public sympathy is lacking, as it is liable to be when the war is directly against the public's living and comforts, its fruits have been apples of Sodom.

A couple of years ago Mr. Keir Hardie, writing in the 'Socialist Review,' while prophesying that the next big strike will be not only national, but international, acknowledged that it 'is becoming increasingly true that the strike for improvement in industrial conditions is not going to solve the social problem.' The strike, he said, can be used to supplement, but not to supplant political action. 'Before the working class can be free,' says Mr. Hardie, 'they must control the state, and the strike, apart from its educational value, does nothing to secure control of the state. Parliament is, therefore, the chamber upon which the forces of democracy must concentrate their attack. A general strike against Liberalism and Toryism is the need of the hour. Every general raise in wages leads to a raise in rent. The political strike is the only form of strike which is all gain and no loss. The strike, especially on a national scale, is a double-edged weapon, to be used only occasionally, and then with care, whereas the vote can be used all the time and is guaranteed to injure only the enemy.'

With Mr. Lloyd George's Old Age Pensions, Industrial Insurance and other benefactions to the worker, and with many measures of social reform, advocated with difficulty by the young Tories, it is not quite clear what Mr. Hardie hopes to gain by a 'strike against Liberalism and Toryism' except his program be indicated by a clause in the same article which speaks of the nationalizing of the mines, the railways and other industrial undertakings. The main thing, however, is that Mr. Hardie and other leaders have at length perceived the fact that wages of labor do not pay, and are compelling the workers to use the constitutional means afforded by the possession of the ballot. It would be consistent on their part to advocate the principle of proportional representation, which is the only way to secure true efficiency in matters of reform. As to Mr. Hardie's Socialistic program we do not think that it, any more than the strike, promises a solution of industrial problems. Probably the means employed by Messrs. Cadbury, Mr. Rowntree, Messrs. Lever Brothers and an increasing number of employers will be most truly successful. The employers hold to the principle of 'noblesse oblige,' the workers co-operate with the employers, they both serve the public honestly and well, and so truly exemplify the classic motto of Socialism, 'Each for all, and all for each,'

Motor Boats

A motor boat is a small, frail vessel, afflicted with a gasoline engine and an amateur mechanic. When the engine is in full cry and the mechanic is making threats, the boat sometimes develops a speed of 50 miles an hour in its efforts to get away from both of them.

Motor boats are used by men fond of machinery, and keep them from taking more valuable things apart and repairing them. When a man has a motorboat and two bushels of tools he is perfectly happy and will not stay at home on Sundays and attempt to dissect the plumbing or repair the furnace or tune the piano or revive the door bell. A very small boat with an engine in it two sizes larger than an alarm clock will keep two strong men busy all summer, and will even prevent them from taking to the horrors of a presidential campaign by talking politics for motor boats take precedence over politics or the cost of living when two boat owners are conversing.

A motor boat is very simple, unlike an automobile, and can be started very rapidly by putting in a new spark plug, adjusting the vibrator, replacing the carburetor, repairing the feed pipe, tightening the propeller, renewing the batteries, and straining the water out of the gasoline. When this is all done the boat will start immediately and proceed with the utmost cheerfulness to a point 11½ miles from civilization, at which place it will go into a state of coma for the rest of the day. The man who tries to navigate any kind of a motor boat, no matter how expensive, without an auxiliary engine in the

not wise.

Some motor boats are very powerful and have engines of 400 mile power, not only in strength, but in noise and stubbornness. It takes as long to start these engines as it takes the United States Senate to get heated up over a bribery investigation, but when they are once in action the boat presents an inspiring sight as it leaps from wave to wave, throwing vast sheets of water on either side and sinking gloriously two miles from help. These boats are not comfortable, having only room for a mechanic and an accident policy, but they are the only craft made which are able to overtake a porpoise and butt him from the rear.

Motor boating is a fascinating exercise, and when the engine can be persuaded to do its share of the work is also a pleasant recreation.

Remember John Southward's big sale on the 23rd inst.—C. F. Damron, auctioneer.



NO RESERVE

LUNCH at NOON

Southward's SALE

3 miles west and 1 mile north of Lacombe

TUESDAY, JULY 23rd

At 11:00 O'clock a. m.

I Will Sell by Public Auction the following Described Property:--

10 Extra Good Horses

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| 1 Team Gray Mares | 7 yrs. 2800 |
| 1 Team Bays M. and G. | 7 yrs. 2600 |
| 1 Team Bays M. and G. | 3 yrs. 2300 |
| 1 Bay Mare | 3 yrs. 1150 |
| 1 Roan Mare | 4 yrs. 1100 |
| 1 Gray Mare | 6 yrs. 1350 |
| 1 Gray Geld | 5 yrs. 1300 |

This is an extra good Single Driver for anyone, City broke All Mares listed for this sale are in foal to a Purebred and Registered Shire Horse weighing a ton.

Notice: This list comprises some of the best young horses in the Lacombe district and includes several perfectly matched teams of Mares and Geldings. While these horses have not been pampered and fattened for sale they are all of them in good condition and ready to go to work. If you are interested in good horses or other live stock it is to your interest to attend this sale, as Mr. Southward has the good ones, and you will find everything at this sale just as advertised. YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND whether you are a buyer or not. Keep this date open and be in time for lunch.

30 Hogs 30

- 4 Purebred, Reg'd. Yorkshire Sows
5 Grade Sows. 20 extra good Spring Pigs. All of the sows are bred to a Purebred, Registered Yorkshire Boar and will surely prove a good investment for anyone desiring good hogs.

Implements

Massey-Harris Binder, 8-foot cut Oliver Gang Plow 4-Horse Disc 5-sec. Harrow Oliver Stubble Plow Massey-Harris 16 Disc Drill, with Grass Seeder attachment 2 Wagons complete Cutter Top Buggy 4 sets Work Harness 1 Set Single Driving Harness Saddle Other Articles such as Forks, Eveners, Chains, Collars, Axes, etc., too numerous to mention. 300 bu. of good Oats. All of the above implements and Harness are practically new and are in first class condition

TERMS: All Sums \$20.00 and under CASH. Over that amount a Credit of Six Months will be given; purchaser to furnish Joint Bankable Note at 8%. 3% discount for Cash on sums over \$20.

For any further Information write or 'phone the Owner at Lacombe or the Auctioneer at Bentley

REMEMBER Everything advertised for this Sale will be sold with a guarantee to be as represented or no sale, and ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

C. F. Damron,
AUCTIONEER, Bentley

John Southward,
OWNER, Lacombe

Results That Count

IN FARMING

MR. I. GIBSON worked his farm well; he erected some good buildings; he kept the place neat and tidy; he named a prize; he got his price; it was \$21,000. The farmer who is slipshod in his methods does not often will to advantage.

IN SELLING

H. F. KENNY & CO. had the exclusive listing of Mr. Gibson's property, known as "The White Horse Farm." They advertised it; they sold it last week. "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." The vindication of aggressive real estate methods is in the sales that are made.

IN BUYING

MR. ALBERT BUMSTEAD, Grey County, Ontario, visited a great deal of the West, but when he saw Lacombe district he was greatly impressed with its possibilities. He saw Mr. Gibson's Farm; he bought, because he appreciated something good. He is a good farmer and has made money at the job.

MORAL

Do your farming well, and when you want to buy or sell, consult H. F. KENNY & CO.

Announcements

RE OUR STAFF

MR. GEORGE H. STOREY, who has lived at Lacombe for 18 years and who is so well and favorably known in this district has entered on an engagement as LOCAL SALES AGENT for H. F. KENNY & CO. Mr. Storey's experience as a salesman, coupled with his intimate knowledge of the surrounding country, and his reputation as a citizen, make his services particularly valuable to both buyers and sellers.

RE OUR LISTINGS

We have received the listing recently of several very desirable properties, which, added to the many choice plums we had to offer previously, give us exceptional facilities for pleasing anyone who wants to buy. We have the goods and no doubt about it.

RE OUR ORGANIZATION

We are building on a broad foundation; we are organizing our office facilities in order to do justice to our growing business. We are reaching out for the buyers. We cannot afford to sit around and wait for the buyers to come. We are going after them. We do not intend to disclose all our plans. We have plans.

MORAL

Consider the situation well and when you want to buy or sell, consult H. F. KENNY & CO.

Where Buyers and Sellers Meet

WE LOAN MONEY

WE WRITE INSURANCE

H. F. KENNY & CO.

THE LAND AND INSURANCE MEN

Day Block

P. O. Box 27, Lacombe

Telephone 157

13 Killed in Chicago Wreck

Chicago, July 14.—Thirteen persons were killed and fifteen or twenty were injured in a wreck on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railway at Western Springs, a suburb of Chicago, at 6:30 a.m. today.

Coming through a fog with supposedly a clear track ahead, train No. 8, a fast mail, ran at full speed into the rear of No. 2, known as the Overland Express, from Denver, which was standing still on the track, telescoping two of the Overland Pullman cars.

Railroad officials refused to fix the blame until after the wreck has been investigated thoroughly. Mrs. W. A. Wilcox, who was in charge of the lower from which the block signals were controlled, said she was certain the block was thrown against both trains. She collapsed after the accident and still is in a highly nervous condition.

List of the Dead.
The dead are: Francis A. Barclay, 20 years old, Billings, Mont.; George Bronson, 55 yrs old, Chicago; negro porter pulled car on train No. 2; Mrs. G. M. Hart, wife of a physician at Canton, Ohio; Mrs. E. G. Poplam, San Francisco; G. W. Tudor, 40 years old, Lacey, Iowa; three unidentified girls; two unidentified women; one unidentified boy; Miss Lillian Kelly, aged 22, Boise, Idaho.

All of the dead except Bronson were taken from the rear coach of the Denver train. The engine of No. 8 plowed through this car, halving it and crushing out the lives of helpless passengers, many of whom still were in their berths. On into the second coach the engine then sped, half way through that car it veered to the left. The engine was entirely stripped when it stopped.

Fire Started From Gas
Fire starting from the gas lights then broke out. Many victims pinioned down by heavy timbers and iron pleaded for death. Members of the fire departments of Western Springs and Lagrange were on the scene a few minutes after the wreck occurred and they put out the fire. Ghasts are believed to have robbed the dead before they reached the morgue at Lagrange. More than a dozen large diamond sets are missing, and although most of the dead appeared to have been persons in comfortable circumstances, a dime was the largest sum of

Maritime Nonsense

Once more comes news from the Maritime provinces that the demand is to be renewed that those provinces shall be given representation in the House of Commons on a basis of special favor, instead of on the just basis provided by the British North America Act. Premier Flemming, of New Brunswick, has made the proposition to the Dominion and Provincial governments that an interprovincial conference be held in the fall "to consider the question of the representation of the Maritime Provinces in the house of Commons." It is reported that he will propose an "irreducible minimum" of representation from the Maritime Provinces and that he will be supported by the Premiers of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

Politics constrain public men to strange proceedings, sometimes, and it is not hard to understand the attitude of the Maritime Provinces politicians in this regard. Their demand is one which, as they must know perfectly well, Parliament cannot, for a moment consider seriously. One vote, one value, must continue to be the principle in the Dominion. There can be no "question" about special arrangements for the Maritime Provinces. That matter must be decisively and finally settled now, to prevent possible trouble in the future.

If the Maritime provinces do not grow in proportion with the rest of the country, they must consent to a proportionate lessening of their political power. The basis of representation must be the same from coast to coast. The arrangement laid down in the British North America Act for the redistribution of the Dominion constituencies every ten years after each census is based on an absolutely just principle, which must not be departed from.

BROOD SOWS FOR SALE
I have five young brood sows Duroc Jersey and Yorkshire crosses for sale. Apply to R. L. TRACY, 2 miles east and 1 mile south of Lacombe. (26-3k).

Man's Conquest Of The Air

Accidents such as that of last week, when five men were dashed to earth from a balloon three thousand feet in the air, are causing many people to ask: "Is it worth man's while trying to fly? Is not the toll of life greater than any practical results can balance?" Such views, while only natural, do not take account of all the facts. The idea of man gaining mastery of the air is so new to our minds and carries such alluring possibilities with it that former inventions are no fit comparison. Yet even the railway, now so commonplace throughout the world, at first met with more prejudice and opposition than the aviator encounters today. Fatalities, too, marked its beginnings. At the opening of the first high-speed railway in England in 1825, when thousands had assembled to witness the strange sight of a locomotive pulling a train of cars, Ben William Huskisson, Secretary of the colonies under the Duke of Wellington, was accidentally killed, along with several others. And only a few days ago a collision on one of the best-managed lines in the United States killed forty people. Yet who says that the steam railway is a failure? Similarly, although man has been scaling the seas for thousands of years his control is by no means perfect even yet. Witness the appalling loss of life on the Titanic, which was praised as the most perfect ship ever framed by human skill. So that while accidents in the air may well deter the foolhardy and the dæmon, whose only ambition is to provide a sensation, the serious student and the genuine investigator will continue to be impelled in their research and experiments by a force which will take no denial. Aviation will go on. Without doubt man will yet conquer the known perils of the air. He has already done wonders, considering how few years ago the very idea was laughed to scorn. What advances will be ushered in when travel and other communication can be swiftly made in ships, time alone will reveal. Some say that it will mean the abolition of war, since the possibilities of destruction would be multiplied a hundredfold. Already Germany has constructed a fleet of aerial battleships, as large as the average ocean steamer, each one capable of carrying enough explosives to

destroy whole cities. Another prediction is that the age of airships will spell the destruction of Protection, for it is difficult to see how a tariff wall will be of any account in that day unless it is literally as high as heaven. Truly we are on the verge of wonderful days.

Big Tent Show Is Coming

Burk's Big "Uncle Tom's Cabin Co." will exhibit at Lacombe Friday night, July 19. This is the first time that the public have had an opportunity of seeing the "New Version" of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," the greatest dramatization of this popular play ever written. Mrs. Stowe's historical play has ever been a favorite with the women and children; and they always go to see it whenever an opportunity presents itself. Burk's Big "Uncle Tom's Cabin Co." has the distinction of being the largest organization of its kind on the road, they carry a special train of their own cars to transport their people, horses, ponies, donkeys, dogs, chariots, and other paraphernalia necessary to present the production of this great Spectacular Production of its kind, the most successful drama ever written. The characters of Uncle Tom, Eliza, Little Eva and Marks are all ably presented by a competent cast, and the large contingent of Singers and Dancers, Blood Hounds, etc., give a realistic and sensational naturalism to the performance. The scenic and mechanical effects are good, and the picturesque scene transformation forms a fitting finish to the whole. So carry the news and tell your neighbors. The only big show coming will exhibit at Lacombe Friday night, July 19.

John Southward is holding an auction sale of all his farm stock and implements on Tuesday, July 23rd. Mr. Southward has a lot of first-class horses and cattle and other chattels, which will be disposed of without reserve, as he has sold his farm. All the implements are new this year. Look out for the posters. C. F. Damron is the auctioneer.

WANTED
Room and board; with private family preferred. Apply Box 135, Lacombe. (317)

Bryan's Traducers

(Winnipeg Free Press)

Press despatches of recent date contain mention of exceeding caustic criticism of William Jennings Bryan by two politicians, eminent in name at least, whose vitriolic attacks descend from the level of criticism to abuse; utterances which, when let at a man of Bryan's calibre, would go unnoticed were it not for the prominence of the men delivering them.

The critics referred to are Col. Henry Watterson of the Louisville Courier-Journal, and former United States Senator Geo. Turner, of Spokane, both of whom came away from the Baltimore convention very much peeved at Col. Bryan's complete domination of the big Democratic gathering.

Col. Watterson's attack was especially bitter. In it he applied such epithets as "scoundrel," "hypocrite," "viper," etc., while that of Senator Turner, though more dignified, was scarcely less virulent.

Coming from men of so much prominence these attacks, if taken at their face value, might be regarded as indicating a waning of Col. Bryan's great influence and popularity in the Democratic party, but persons acquainted with both critics will hardly be moved to such a conclusion.

The writer has had more or less close acquaintance with both Col. Watterson and Senator Turner. He wrote the celebrated interview with Col. Watterson, in which the cockeyed sage of Louisville likened the second Cleveland administration to a "slaughter house with an open grave attachment," which created a sensation in American politics nearly a year ago and he was a political writer at the Washington legislature at the time of Senator Turner's first campaign for the senate, writing on a paper which supported the Turner candidacy.

Col. Watterson is a man of extraordinary eccentricities, a marked characteristic of which is, that one may be in high favor with him one day and the next do something that touches his spleen when he becomes a man of attributes, as bad as they are good the day preceding. It may be recalled that he was an ardent supporter of Grover Cleveland up to the time of the appointment of Judge Graham to the cabinet. Cleveland and all that he did, at one became all that was the opposite of that which was good

and meritorious.

Watterson has intermittently supported and antagonized Bryan. He opposed the commoner during his first candidacy and supported the bolting Palmer-Buckner ticket. Subsequently he came around to Bryan and for a time gave him strong support but the Watterson attitude, always reactionary, could not keep step with the Bryan influence at Baltimore, hence the Nebraskaan has again become as vicious, in the Watterson mind, as he was in his free silver days.

As to Senator Turner, he has run the gamut of the parties from Republican down through the silver Republican, populist and Democratic. He is a man of ponderous egotism which was highly flattered by Col. Roosevelt by an important appointment and his attack on Bryan now would seem to have the appearance of a further trimming of his sails for the adjoining of still another political craft, the new Roosevelt Progressive party.

Neither criticism can be regarded as disinterested and the Bryan renown will not suffer seriously at the hands of such critics.

Horatio at the Bridge

Dubilius Horatius was a Roman hero who broke into the headlines about 507 B.C., by standing off 30,000 invaders with a broadsword and some of Lord Macaulay's best poetry. It seems that a Swedish gentleman named Lars Persena, who invented the deadly weapon known as the Estruscan vase, had organized the militia and was about to dedicate what was left of the Roman empire. When Horatius heard of Mr. Persena's intentions he became suffused with patriotism and talked in short metre poetry for several minutes, after which he suggested that the bridge across the Tiber river be removed while he and a couple of sub-patriots stood on the other side and decorated the right of way with Estruscan gore. This proposition was adopted by a unanimous vote, and Horatius and his comrades passed over and threw themselves and some more poetry into the breach. A number of the Estruscan militia came down the pass and made several earnest efforts to pulverize Horatius before the bridge fell in. Horatius gave them all a cordial welcome and soon had the pass choked with large quantities of the deceased foe. Every time he would run his sword through somebody with whom he was not personally acquainted he would give vent to four lines of hectic verse, which Lord Macaulay afterward upholstered and sold in book form. It must have been an inspiring sight to have seen Horatius slaying the Estruscan army with one hand and hurling strophes, dactyles and improprio poetry at them with the other. Finally, after Horatius has caused one of Persena's non-commenced officers to blow up with considerable emphasis, the bridge sank into the rushing Tiber, carrying with it the two companions of Horatius, who knew when they had had enough. This was the sublime moment in Horatius' career. Facing the foe with calm courage and a gaping wound in his collar bone, he turned, delivered an original poem in a haughty tone of voice and plunging into the Tiber, swam across in 9.45 seconds. This was Rome saved by a union of poetry and puck, qualities which are not often fused in the same individual.

FOR SALE

Turkey Red seed wheat grown in year 1910, cleaned, at 90 cts. per bushel. E. W. SIMPSON, (317-46).

To brighten your furniture and make it look like new use Liquid Veneer; always in stock at Morrison & Johnston's.

GULF STREAM A MENACE

(New York Sun)

Like all great marine water-trophies the loss of the "Titanic" has bred an abundance of suggestions looking to future sea security upon the sea; but there are certain conditions that must ever be reckoned with, no matter what, no provision man may make against an emergency. This ocean will always have its mysteries, and among these are the Gulf Stream, the great currents that follow their peculiar tracks north and south, east and west, and on the surface of the sea, and below the surface of the sea.

These great rivers of the ocean are at once a help and a menace to the navigator. When they carry him, they carry him faster on his course and bring him relief from the harsher conditions of the "outlying waters"; and a menace when they sweep him into the jaws of the iceberg's life, either holding it away from the track of commerce or driving it across the roads of ocean traffic.

Because these currents have their vagaries and do not flow with unflinching regularity upon the surface of the sea the mariner's task becomes harder.

Of all the big ocean currents the Gulf Stream stands foremost, not only because of its great length and expanse, but likely on account of its influence upon climate. It is the movement of this wonderful river of the sea that tempers the climate on this coast in the winter months and its summer flow steps just enough to one side to give the polar waters a somewhat wider sweep, so that they in their turn moderate the season's heat. A body of water of this character has far-reaching and varied influence and its slight aberrations may seriously upset surrounding conditions.

Just once in so often it is reported that the Gulf Stream has shifted from its accustomed course, and so perhaps it has upon the surface; but down below the wind-whipped waves the main current of the Gulf Stream pushes steadily on with probably no serious departure from its usual track through long periods of years. But, fortunately, the navigator is guided mainly by the surface flow, and when this wanders seemingly he has cause for alarm, especially if enveloped in fog and nearing land or the points of meeting of trade routes or, worse, if running into the neighborhood of heavy ice or reported bergs.

Two Contending Currents. Whether or not the Gulf Stream altered in the past winter and the present spring, giving the icebergs a bigger opening through which to slip south, is for a matter of speculation; but there is something plausible in the theory that such has been the case. The possibility of this may better be understood by an account in a general way of the courses of the Labrador current and the Gulf Stream as they contend for the right of way at that age long battleground of their southeast of the coast of Newfoundland. It is there that the struggle is fiercest, the fog which have made that part of the North Atlantic a graveyard for ships.

Whether the Gulf Stream is indirectly the cause of the Labrador current or whether each is but a reaction due to other and more potent forces, is quite beyond the present question; but as a matter of fact, the stream flows northerly and to the eastward, while the Labrador current comes south and hugs closely to the contours of the coast. At a point something like fifteen degrees of latitude east of Newfoundland the great stream splits and a branch of it turns north toward the Arctic basin, "washing the western shore of Greenland."

This body of warm water walls in, as it were, the eastern trend of the Labrador current and forces the polar waters closer to the coasts of Labrador and Newfoundland. The net result is to push the icebergs and heavy flocks against the unfriendly shores of Labrador, where most of the big icebergs of the ice are ground into less dangerous masses, so that when they do break free from their months of battling they drift south normally in a form that makes them less of a menace to transatlantic shipping. Anything that tends to weaken the restrictive power of the Gulf Stream's northern branch increases the opportunity for the Labrador current to penetrate further south at greater speed, thus breaking through nature's defence against the trespassing berg and permitting the downward flow of more of the polar waters close to the surface. In this way it is a sort of colossal game of football, and the effort of the Labrador current is

to break through the Gulf Stream's line and to carry the bergs in this case the gigantic bergs into the path of oceanic traffic.

Most people imagine the Gulf Stream is quite irresistible and that its warm waters flow on in great solid volumes unaffected by the surrounding ocean. This is not the case. In the month of February the Gulf Stream south of Newfoundland is decidedly streaked with "fingers" of cold waters from the Labrador current, and side by side flow warm bands and cold bands which may vary greatly in temperature. These cold bands show how the polar floor masses, when driven by the onward impulse of the Gulf Stream, and the result may be two-fold in consequence.

The navigator, if threading his way through the fog, may attempt to believe himself in the Gulf Stream and again too far north of it, or being fearful of ice when crossing the cold band may be lulled into a sense of security when running "into warm waters."

This Season Abnormal. But apart from this, the appearance of these bands of cold water upon the course of the Gulf Stream may have a sterner significance. The life of the iceberg after breaking away from the coast of Labrador depends upon two things, the temperature of the atmosphere and the warmth of the surrounding waters. The lower the diurnal offing drifts in the cold flood of the Labrador current the slower its dissolution and the farther south the ice can be carried by that polar tide the worse it is for coast travel and the sturdier the ice is as an obstacle in the pathway of any ship. These are the conditions that have confronted the mariner if the weeks past, and still stand in the fairway of the Gulf Stream over the sea lanes hither followed at this season. It is for this reason that the transatlantic steamship companies have agreed to take the route to the south.

The world, however, naturally still wonders why the present year should be exceptional; and this can be answered better if something more is explained about the nature of the Gulf Stream. But, the polar forces at work in giving it birth. It has been shown that when the barometer is high the weight of the air is sufficient to depress the surface of the sea and flexibly to drive the waters away toward the less resisting places of low pressure, just as forcing one's hand into a bucket will cause the water to rise. It has been estimated that the action of the high and low pressure areas overlying the sea may bring about a total difference in level of more than sixty feet, and it has been estimated that the sea level in the Gulf of Mexico is nearly forty inches higher than off Sandy Hook. This explains the steady northern flow of the Gulf Stream because of the natural tendency of water to seek its own level and to travel toward the depression occasioned by the increased low area toward the polar region.

The variations of the barometer, which have no noticeable effect commonly upon human beings, are still sufficient to produce this great river of the sea and to keep the Gulf Stream flowing unceasingly upon its northern course. The hydrographer has been able to recognize the wonderful story to figures.

When the Gulf Stream passes Cape Florida to begin its northern course it has an hourly flow, representing a volume of 90,000,000 tons of water, and this immense body has in solution a heavy burden of salt. For the sake of a comparison it is said that the salt thus transported in that interval, if the water were evaporated, would require one hundred times the number of sea-going vessels now afloat to carry it. In fact the water is so salty it causes the sea has undergone a measure of evaporation while in the Gulf.

Puzzles of Waters. This salt water makes the warm water denser than it otherwise would be, and the salinity of the Gulf Stream remains substantially constant as it sweeps on towards the coast of Newfoundland. But even with this salt in solution, the warm water of the stream is a little bit lighter than the cold, and makes them less of a menace to transatlantic shipping. Anything that tends to weaken the restrictive power of the Gulf Stream's northern branch increases the opportunity for the Labrador current to penetrate further south at greater speed, thus breaking through nature's defence against the trespassing berg and permitting the downward flow of more of the polar waters close to the surface. In this way it is a sort of colossal game of football, and the effort of the Labrador current is

the warmer waters of the Gulf Stream. No landman need apologize for ignorance on this point, because mariners well acquainted with the Gulf Stream are daily seeing the evidence of this very phenomenon. In fact only a few days ago the commanding officer of a British steamer reported to the United States Hydrographic office for an expedition.

It is a common trick with the cook to settle the coffee when muddy with grounds by pouring into the pot a small quantity of cold water. At once the cold-water sinks because of its greater weight, and in sinking it chills the floating grounds and precipitates them. Ordinarily, the coldness of the waters from the polar basin gives them greater weight than the warm salt-laden waters of the Gulf Stream, and this is why the Labrador current either edges close to Newfoundland or enters under the stream where the two ocean rivers meet. Why, then, did the skipper of the English ship find this order of affairs reversed? The polar waters simply chilled those of the Gulf Stream sufficiently to cause the latter to sink, even though still of a higher temperature than the overriding waters from the north, and the Arctic Stream in the shape of cold bands remained at the surface until the heat of the surrounding waters from the south reassured itself and brought them again to the top. This shows how delicate are the contending circumstances which complicate the task of the navigator, and which bring confusion just when clearness of understanding is necessary for safety's sake.

In order that the sweep of the Labrador current may have sufficient momentum to carry it against the usually speedier Gulf Stream and cause its colder waters to dominate, there must be an abnormal condition. The past winter has been an unusually severe one, and for weeks upon weeks the transatlantic liners brought news of severe and prolonged gales. Without explaining the theory of storms, it suffices to know that the flow toward areas of low pressure just as the water does, and in rushing to fill these aerial cavities, creates winds, the difference in pressure between the high and low areas augmenting the force of the winds.

Brought Down Iceberg. Ordinarily, the winds and the waves they produce don't disturb seriously the course of the Gulf Stream, but heavy gales will do this to some depth, and will send the surface flood off to one side of the great volume of the underlying steadily flowing body. This intermittent disturbance may and occasionally does deceive the navigator, but it does not upset the great balance of the contending forces in the shape of the Labrador Current on one hand and the Gulf Stream on the other. But a series of quick following storms indicating a fairly continuous area of low pressure, such as occurred in the past winter, constitute a different condition of affairs.

This would tend to induce the Gulf Stream to sweep more to the south off the coast of Newfoundland, and it would weaken the volume and possibly alter the direction of the branch of the stream normally turning north toward Greenland. As a result, the polar flood would seek the same area of lower pressure and flow further and with greater speed toward the south. This would bring the icebergs away from their winter abiding places and safeguard them upon a longer drift downward across the lanes of ocean travel. Worse than this the ice would break away from the shores of Labrador much as it came from the north instead of its being ground up by the contending currents. Such, in fact, seems to have been the case this year; indeed the bergs that have been encountered have been of that hard blue ice which constitutes the greatest danger to the mariner.

In 1903 the weather conditions were not radically unlike those of the present year, and that year was notable because of the quantity of ice and character of the bergs that drifted uncommonly far south.

That the explanation offered is not lacking in reason, the story of Capt. Wood of the steamship "Etonian" of the Leyland Line is evidence. Capt. Wood has suggested that there is a kinship between his command and the condition of the water seas. In 1903 he reached a master's billet, and like all young skippers was anxious that there should be no hitch in the management of his first ship. But late season came in the form of field ice and very large bergs.

Again this year when he was assigned to the "Etonian" the old Atlantic seemed bent upon putting him to another test, but Captain Wood was wise and remembered his lesson of nine years ago. In March of

his maiden year as a master, in fact, upon the twenty-fifth of the month, in latitude 40 degrees north and longitude 50 degrees west—measurably near where the "Titanic" hit the iceberg—he sighted twenty large icebergs. On April 12th of the present year, at noon, in latitude 42 north and longitude 49 west, he saw an iceberg. Four hours later when in latitude 41 degrees 55 minutes north and longitude 49 degrees 57 minutes west, Capt. Wood counted no less than twenty bergs, some large and some small. The largest of these was about a hundred feet high and five hundred feet long, and was estimated by Capt. Wood to have had an unobscured extending seven or eight hundred feet below the surface.

Ice Masses on Parade. Capt. Wood obtained a picture of this biggest berg by means of a telephoto lens, but not without some difficulty. As he expressed it, the berg was hard blue ice and wicked looking, and allowing for drift, may have been the mountain of ice that sent the "Titanic" to her grave. But the most impressive part of the spectacle of those assembled bergs was the fact that seven of the biggest of them were formed in a perfect line like soldiers on parade, and were advancing steadily under the impulse of a steady current. The direction of movement was from the northwest and their line of front ran from northeast to southwest. Their progress was not the result of the prevailing wind, and the very nature of their drift and formation showed the breadth and uniformity of the submerged force which was pushing them steadily ahead. Whether this was the Labrador current, and it not unlikely was, or the eastward drive of the Gulf Stream, is not important, but the nature of the ice and its position so far south were proof of the way the icebergs had been directly surrounded and influenced in their wandering by the colder current.

Much has been said about the temperature of the water and that of the air as an indication of the proximity of ice, but absolute dependence cannot be placed upon it. Capt. Wood reports that three hours before entering the ice zone he found the temperature of the water two degrees lower than it was when the vessel actually was in the ice, but this air became five degrees colder when the wind blew straight from the bergs. The experience of Capt. Wood

in this particular is not exceptional. Nineteen years ago a ship rounding Cape Horn from the Pacific encountered ice in the South Atlantic, and passed through 180 miles of bergs and field ice, but the captain reported that there was no perceptible change of temperature either air or water, the air standing two degrees warmer than the water, which was of 44 degrees Fahrenheit. These are the seeming anomalies which the mariner has to contend, and yet they are only apparent contradictions because the waters immediately beyond his craft no longer know when bringing up the thermometer from a considerable depth that he has taken this or that stratum of opposing currents. The same alternating of cold and warm bands upon the surface may have a counterpart in the conditions below, all of which add

to the bewilderment of the mariner and increase the risk of his calling. Again, the indications of the sea which may be accepted at one season are not reliable another.

If you are a housewife you cannot reasonably hope to be healthy or beautiful by washing dishes, sweeping and doing housework all day, and crawling into bed dead tired at night. You must get into the open air and sunlight. If you do this every day and keep your stomach and bowels in good order by taking Chamberlain's Tablets when needed, you should become both healthy and beautiful. For sale by the Lacombe Drug Co.

PUREBRED PERCHERON HORSE FOR SALE. Young stock and mares; also the imported stallion "Social." Apply Mrs. L. N. GRAMM, Rural Route 2, Lacombe (ly3-4c).

SNAPS AT THE NEW AND SECOND-HAND STORE

1 mower, 2 hay rakes, 1 Fish Bros. light wagon, 1 binder, 2 buggies, \$6.00 and \$10.00. 3 breaking plows, stoves, beds, springs and mattresses, 3 Cleveland bicycles, 3 sewing machines, Palmato rubber point, for leaky roofs, guaranteed for 6 years; Timothy seed, 6 ice cream freezers, 1 organ, \$12.00, 5 saddles, 2 whips, 3 net singl. harness, guns, ammunition, boxing gloves, etc. Some bargains in watches and chains; 20 violins, 2 banjos and other musical instruments. I have now the agency for the U. S. phonographs and records. The records are everlasting and can be played on any phonograph. They are the finest out. If you once hear them you will buy no others. Come in and hear them and get my catalogue. O. BOODE, Railway St.

You may be paid \$50 in Cash for improving your walk like this

108 Canadian farmers will receive cash prizes (twelve in each Province) in our big 1912 FARMERS' PRIZE CONTEST

WE held a contest last year in which 36 prizes were offered. This year there will be three times as many prizes (108) and therefore three times as many chances for you to win one of them. You do not have to use a large quantity of cement to win a prize. Many of last year's prize-winners used comparatively little cement.

THE contest is divided into three classes and is only won by those (Class "A") who use the amount of cement and cost in building their prize winners. Class "B" is for doing the best concrete work (prize money no difference). Class "C" is for building in the best and most artistic manner (prize money no difference).

IT COSTS NOTHING TO ENTER—There are absolutely no "entries" in this offer. There is no entry fee or fee to be paid. You need not even bother the Improvements you make at expense in competing for the prize will be more than worth their cost. We have a book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," that will give you all the information about the use of concrete you can want. It will be sent to you free when you ask us for complete particulars of the Prize Contest. Ask for particulars today. Just say "Send me, free, your book and full particulars of the 1912 Prize Contest," on a post card and mail it today. Address: Publicity Manager, Canada Cement Company Limited, 503 Herald Bldg., Montreal.



"My GURNEY OXFORD jumped right in and helped with my housekeeping"

Dear Edith,

In a general way I have wished you all the good things I know of, so now I am going to descend to the practical and give you some sound advice from the store I have accumulated since I started housekeeping.

Housekeeping naturally suggests the kitchen first—its equipment and management; or in other words, THE RANGE.

My range, as you know, is a Gurney-Oxford. I never enjoyed much of a reputation as a cook in my younger days, so when I thought of being responsible for three meals a day my heart sank. I imagined myself battling all day with a sulky range, trying to coax it into a good humour, and covered with mortification because of late or spoiled meals. But my dear, my Gurney-Oxford seemed to sympathize with my inexperience. From the day it came it

jumped right in and helped. It has become my good right hand, and I go my way confident that my Gurney-Oxford will not disappoint me.

It has the cleverest arrangement for regulating the drafts, well named the Gurney Economizer. One small lever put up or down does everything. The fire will stay in all day, hardly burning any coal at all—then, presto! It is burning brightly, ready to bake or roast. An arrangement of flues keeps the oven always properly heated, so that the biscuits or bread come out light and crisp and brown. Yes, Edith, as Bob says, I have developed into "some cook," and I often tell him he must give at least half the credit to our Gurney-Oxford.

You will understand my enthusiasm better after you have had your Gurney-Oxford a month or so.

Sincerely Yours,

MARY HOUSEWIFE.

LACOMBE FURNITURE STORE
E. TITSWORTH
LACOMBE

BUGGIES!

We carry a full line of high grade. Buggies and Democarts. Just what you are looking for.

HARNESS!

A full line of the very best harness that can be procured, single and double driving, democrat, and heavy work harness, all sold by us.

Mostly always have some snaps in Second Hand Buggies, Democarts, and Machinery of all kinds.

H. L. BROWN

Massey-Harris Co. Agent, Lacombe.

Farm Machinery

When buying Machinery—Get the BEST
The Deering Line

Farm Machinery of all kinds
Old Dominion Wagons
P. & O. and Emerson Plows
Tudhope Buggies & Democarts
Soil Packers
Manure Spreaders
Gasoline Engines
Hay Machinery

JAMES GOURLAY
LACOMBE, ALTA. Agent

Comet Theatre

High-Class

MOTION PICTURES

For the Summer Months

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOUSE
When in this district put your horses up at the **MOUNTAIN VIEW LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES**. First-class horses and rigs. Commercial driving a specialty. Draying and heavy work of all kinds promptly attended to.
FINLEY & SIMONS, Proprietors
N.B.—The steel is now into Rocky Mountain House, and a regular train service will be put on immediately by the C. N. R.

MORNINGSIDE

I BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC

that I have opened a general store at Morningside with a full line of Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Stains, Stationery and Family Medicines.

And by honest dealing and doing business on the smallest profit possible. I hope to be worthy of a share of your patronage.

Yours Respectfully

W. H. JOHNSON

John Fortune
CITY LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

Careful Attention given to Commercial Trade
First Class Rigs and Good Drivers

Draying on Short Notice
LACOMBE - ALBERTA

RECIPROCITY A LIVE ISSUE

Premier Scott of Saskatchewan in his recent proclamation to the electors made the following statement in regard to the question of wider markets and freer trade:

"Leaders may say what they like, but the issue exists. It is made by the people themselves. Conservatives would like to believe it does, but it is alive and must ultimately triumph. The issue embraces the entire field of wider markets, freer trade and lower tariffs. By a majority of nearly twenty thousand votes our people decided for these principles last September. They were in earnest then and unless I misjudge public opinion the severe lessons of this past season have made them more earnest and more determined to carry the struggle for their rights."

The voice of the people of Alberta as expressed at the polls in the Dominion general election of last September more recently in the Provincial by-elections show that our people are as strongly in favor of wider markets and freer trade as are the people of the adjoining provinces of Saskatchewan and it is not too much to say that the agitation for reciprocity will not cease till the object we seek is obtained. The great Liberal party, though it suffered temporary defeat, because of the principles for which it stands and because of its trusted leader, is a power to be reckoned with.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Grand Old Man of Canadian Liberalism who is not too old to again steer the ship of state, stands committed to the cause that we of the West have so much at heart. In the splendid speech which he delivered some weeks ago at Montreal he declared he was in the fight to stay. That speech should be read by every Westerner. Sir Wilfrid spoke as one who had the interest of the Western farm-

er at heart. The point upon which he laid special stress was the needs of the West. His words should arouse and convince the indifferent, the class who have been misled by the false and hollow arguments of the Tory press and should impel us all to more aggressive action.

It is a cause for satisfaction that some of the things for which the United Farmers of Alberta have labored have in a measure been attained. A government which came into power pledged to protection and high tariff, was compelled because of the necessities of the case and the urgent demand, to secure a special rate for our grain to the American markets. Quite recently a big reduction was made on the duty on cement coming from the American side. But these paltry concessions will not satisfy. Neither can we expect much from the party now in power. They won the recent campaign we hope by the tactics which they have adopted on many previous occasions, the waning of the "Rule Britannia" and by frightening the people, but not those of the West with this bogey of annexation. Our hopes lie in the farmers regardless of former party ties, uniting as one solid body to gain our own ranks, and expect that who, in the provincial legislatures and the federal parliament shall make our cause their own.

With the Democrats in power at Washington and with the Liberal party again in power at Ottawa, we believe in the not distant future, the cause of wider markets, and freer trade will triumph and we of the West gain the double benefit of long withheld—lower prices for the necessities we require, and higher prices for the commodities we have to sell.

MORLEY L. STEWART.

C.P.R. Crop Reports

Reports from Canadian Pacific Railway Company agents for the past week show that in almost every district heavy rains have fallen which have entirely relieved any anxiety that had been felt on account of drought and hot weather. The rains of Wednesday and Thursday night covered the whole province, not in one continuous rain but falling in showers and every district was touched. In some parts of Southern Manitoba the dry weather of June affected probably 25 per cent of the crop and in the Rosefield district fifteen farmers were hauled out and some hail is reported in other parts of the province, but the losses will affect the total very slightly. The individuals alone being the only sufferers. Since the rain the grain has made very rapid progress and all points report very rapid growth. On the lighter land some "tip burn" is in evidence and will slightly reduce the yield.

In Saskatchewan the crop is reported all over the province to be in good condition. In a number of districts wheat is headed out and while the straw is short the plant is in a very healthy condition. This is especially true on the Battle River, Kerrobert and Outlook sections. There has been an abundance of rain and some sections report not enough sunshine. Early flax is out in bloom. It is expected that harvest will begin in early August and will be general by the 15th. Alberta conditions are also very favorable, the winter wheat having suffered less this year than in any previous year. In the Crow's Nest and Lethbridge sections more rain would do no harm. It is estimated grain in early August and will start about August 1st, and spring wheat about August 10, which is considerably earlier than usual.

THE PEOPLE'S RELIGION

That the London dockers' strike is not purely an outbreak caused by financial distress, but is in a large measure a socialistic revolt against authority is proved by the theory that the King should come to inaugurate the construction of a new dock the streets would be draped in black as a token of sullen disapproval of monarchy. This sort of disloyalty is very general in the east, and of London. We have heard of a clergyman frequenting the schools to preach it to the children. It is not unusual for school teachers and school principals to take advantage of the religious hour of the school session to instill it. One lady principal who dressed in pink to celebrate the death of King Edward, was reprimanded for that, but could not be prevented from using the whole of her moral influence in seditious ways. This was her religion, and she was willing to be more or less a martyr to it. She was willing, for the sake, to break the rules of the school system insofar as they interfered with freedom of speech in the teaching of it. When it is asked why the masses do not go to church, one answer is that they have a religion of their own—a religion of humanity, full, as they see it, of rainbow visions of general well-being and fraternity—a religion to which the church services do not minister, indeed to which the church system of the country is in their view of it an obstruction.

The trouble is that the church—not the live church of today, but the church as seen in their traditions and as still exemplified in the humdrum services of many of the parishes—does not come within sight of the people's aspirations and needs. The day in which the religion, as preached to the people, was contentment with their lot, acknowledgment of their station and worship of their betters, is past, but its traditions remain both in and out of the church, and of the people. But there has been since the days of John Wesley evangelistic preaching, and an abundance of it. Every highway and byway has heard the voice of the preacher. Unfortunately evangelism has often also failed in preaching a gospel, in that, instead of carrying a message of gladness it has often been largely a denunciation of the people's sins, including in the family list all the amusements and joys they knew, and a proclamation of the wrath of God upon them. The time of that has also passed, but the traditions of it remain, both among the evangelists and among the unchurched throng. When the preachers of Christianity preach "the acceptable year of the Lord," and omit from the text "the day of vengeance of our God," they follow more closely in the footsteps of their Master. When their vision is less exclusively on

a world to come, with selfish aspirations thereto, and more on an age to come, to be brought in by an outflow of love and service, flowing from the cross and manifesting itself in a message that will draw all men as the Saviour said it would. Sabatier has recently said with regard to the masses of the French people, that they are not outside the church, because they are not good enough for the church, but because the church is not good enough for them. This is a vigorous epigram which, while framed to accord with the official attitude, is not only with regard to the church as it is in France, but more or less with regard to it everywhere. There has been born in the people a vision, the people know what, except that it means a new heaven and a new earth, wherein dwell mutual love and helpfulness. When this whole-hearted love and helpfulness becomes the characteristic of the Christian community, it will have no gainsayers except among the privileged and powerful. They may desert it, oppose it, and crucify it, but it will gain mankind. This is certain, the ideal which the church is vaguely striving after today, but which it does not yet exemplify in its life, as revealed by the fact that, instead of inheriting the earth, its numbers are on the whole said to be rather diminishing than increasing in proportion to the population. But for immigration, or the rapid growth of the district, some of our prosperous city churches would reveal decreasing numbers. This gospel of self-devotion to service not on the part of ministers, but on that of the people, and of business, is what the church must come to, if, like the army of Christ, it has to undergo depletion before it enters into life.

Reggie you're a fine young fellow, but you're bound to have your way, and you'll marry Arabella, spite of all that I can say. Though advice from me is futile, since you're firm as any rock, though the things I say are brutal, yet I've simply got to talk. Arabella is a day-smoothest girl I ever saw; but the neighbors say she's lazy, and she will not help her ma. She is stylish; she is classy, and she is a simply grand; but the people say she's nasty to her mother, understand? I have lived, and loved, and suffered, and I've found it is the law that no sane, well-balanced fellow'd wed a girl who'll sass her ma. She may have a thousand graces to adorn her fair, young life, but you'll find she'll bust the traces when you get her for your wife. You had better hunt some other daisy in this country wide, for a girl who'll sass her mother will gold trick you as a bride.

Western Outlook

The fine growing weather during the past two weeks has had a remarkable effect upon business conditions in Alberta. Business at the first of June was undoubtedly depressed. It was between seasons and between seasons and between seasons sitting tight and awaiting the development of the grain crop. While nothing definite is assured until the grain is finally harvested, the present prospects are so bright that the effect in the business world is very noticeable. Weather conditions were never more perfect, and even the pessimist is forced to admit that there is every possibility of this year's crop being the largest in the history of the west. This statement is not exaggerated in the least. From all parts of the province come reports to the effect that prospects were never better. These reports come direct from the grain growers, and the average grower is not inclined to optimism unless he has an excellent reason.

In scarcely any district has there been a shortage of rain, a condition of affairs somewhat unusual. Authorities state that the grain is three weeks in advance of last year and that there is every likelihood that the yield will be fifty per cent greater. If this should be the case it will be difficult to imagine the effect on Western Canada towns and cities, so great will be the growth and expansion. The value of the crop according to present prospects will be between \$30,000,000 and \$100,000,000, and this huge amount cannot but bring prosperity to practically the entire Dominion—Trade Gazette.

According to The Proverb

"Early to bed and early to rise" Was a saying he never forgot; He wanted to be healthy and wealthy and wise; But, to tell you the truth he was not. He always was careful to look ere he leaped, And he always thought twice ere he spoke; But he never got much for the crops that he reaped And few were the records he broke. He never crossed bridges before they were reached; His candle never burned at both ends; He endeavored to practice the things that he preached; He was careful in choosing his friends; He remembered the rolling stone proverb and stayed In one little spot all his life, But his heels were run down Country wide, for a girl who'll sass her mother will gold trick you as a bride.

Stlye-Craft Clothing

3 ONLY, 2 PIECE SUITS
TO CLEAR AT \$9.00

Repairing Cleaning Pressing

D. CAMERON, Tailor.
ALLAN STREET. Opp ADELPHI HOTEL



For Best Value

IN
Harness & Saddles

SEE

The Leading

Harness Shop

W. L. Elliott

Lacombe - Wholesale Liquor House

BEST of Wine
BEST of Liquors
7 Year Old Rye
and Calgary Beer

EXCEL

F. L. SMITH Ltd.

Alberta Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

J. H. YOUNG, Prop. Phone 11

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FEED TRADE.
GOOD RIGS & CAREFUL DRIVERS FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE
Draying and Contracting a Speciality

LACOMBE, Alberta

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

Formerly Bowman-Sine Lumber Co., Ltd.

We are making
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
on some lines of Building Material
Call or Write for prices

Vickers - Garland Lumber & Coal Co.

All kinds of building material, Doors, Windows and Mouldings, Building Papers, Felt and Wall Board, Lime, Cement and Wood Fibre Plaster; Twin City Coal, Dry Wood. Get our prices before building.

Coal, Wood & Ice
Express, Draying and Soft Water
TERMS CASH.

ZIELIE & SKELLY

Rimbey Valley Land Company.

Wild and Improved Farms for Sale
Loans and Insurance
Dealers in Live Stock

Joseph Marshall, Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Rimbey

WAISTS AND WHITEWEAR

There are only a few days now left in which to get in on the attractive bargains in these seasonable lines.

RAINCOATS

For
Ladies and Misses

were never better bargain values,
— only a few days more.

MUSLINS PRINTS GINGHAMS

TRIMMINGS, ALL-OVERS

SILKS DRESSGOODS VOILES

Though the scissers have been busy in this section we have still the best sale values to show you.

A. URQUHART & Co., Ltd.

SUMMER CLEARING SALE

Closes, as advertised on Saturday first, the 20th. But the weather has been so wet and the roads so bad during the sale that many of our distant country customers could not possibly get in, and for their benefit, during next week we will extend to

them the advantage of

Sale Prices

on their requirements in Dry Goods, Men's Furnishings, and House Furnishings.

RUGS AND LINOLEUMS

Before the sale closes you should secure your Floor Covering at the reduced prices, and save money.

LACE CURTAINS

are certainly bargains at our Sale prices.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING

BOYS' \$2.50 SUITS

A few left of the them

MEN'S \$9.00 SUITS

have met with the approval of a large number of buyers

OF LOCAL INTEREST

C. F. Damon will conduct a sale of horses, household goods, etc., in Lacombe on Friday afternoon, July 20, at the residence of S. J. Godfrey, opposite Puffer's slaughter house at 1:30. Goods sold without reserve. For snags drop around. A slight frost on Sunday night is reported from some parts of the district, but no damage was done. At the farm here the thermometer registered one degree of frost. In some low-lying districts potatoes and beans were touched. See the Lacombe Furniture Store for good beds, springs and mattresses. We handle the best.

Miss Effie Beatty, who has just graduated from the Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, is spending her holidays with her mother here.

H. F. Kenney has purchased B. F. Bailey's residence and will reside in Lacombe.

The weather of the past week has been anything but enjoyable. Rain fell at short intervals all week, but from appearances the storm is over. The crops are in splendid condition, growing so fast that you can almost hear the straws rushing through the soil.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Burris have returned from Rochester, Minnesota.

Don't forget Jno. Southwards sale on the 23rd. See ad. in another column.

The vote on the waterworks scheme, taken on Saturday last, was 15 against and 75 for. This vote indicates that the ratepayers are ready to approve of a good scheme, and the council will immediately go into the details. Before entering into any waterworks scheme, the council will safeguard the interests of the ratepayers who may rest assured that every precaution will be taken before anything is done.

G. E. White, the well-known breeder of Holsteins, yesterday shipped two fine young bulls to Thos. Laycock & Sons, Beedington. These make five animals the Laycocks have purchased from Mr. White this year to add to their already fine herd.

Window shades all sizes at Morrison & Johnston's.

Before buying a stove & range, see the Lacombe Furniture Store.

Does advertising pay? Kenney & Co. sold the White Horse farm this week for \$21,000, and the sale was the direct result of an advertisement in the Western Globe.

A. A. Macgillivray, of Calgary, spent a week's holiday amid the beautiful scenery of Gull Lake. He likes the resort so well that he intends purchasing property and erecting a cottage before next season.

J. T. McGrath underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Lacombe hospital on Saturday, and is reported to be recovering well.

If you are particular about your eyes come and consult M. Macdonald, the only university graduate eye specialist in Alberta. Edmonton office above Archibald's Drug Store, Jasper E. Phone 5-25.

Will again be at Adhail Hotel, Lacombe, August 5th. You can get a bed spring at the Lacombe Furniture store that will last you twenty years for \$8.50. It is made of steel coils.

Robert W. Carruthers, of Augustine Cove, P. E. I., is visiting his son, N. E. Carruthers, principal of the Lacombe High School.

The Progressive Union, No. 359, will hold their regular meeting on July 12 in Spruwell school house. All farmers are invited to attend. The new Municipal Act will be explained.

If you are looking for good horses or implements, don't forget to attend John Southwards sale on the 23rd. C. F. Damon, auctioneer.

Everything in fancywork materials at Mrs. Mobley's. Madame Muskat, of Calgary, a talented lecturer, will speak on Socialism at Gilmour's Hall on Sunday, July 21 at 2:30 p.m. Everybody welcome. Ladies are especially invited.

If you have any doubts as to whether advertising pays or not, just ask H. F. Kenney & Co. "Oatmeal-meat" is in all sizes, including the "two-piece," are stocked at the Lacombe Furniture Store.

Wrestling Match
There will be a big wrestling match in the Comet Theatre on Saturday night next, between Ole Roode, of Lacombe, welterweight champion of Canada, and Fossy Miller, of St. Paul, champion light wrestler of the Western States. Miller is said to be a wonder, and the sports prophesy that Ole will have the time of his life if he throws him. The match will start immediately after the picture show—10 o'clock.

There was a large turnout to the weekly shoot of the Lacombe Gun Club on Thursday evening last, and some good shooting was done. Twenty members participated, and the honor fell to Guy Denner, with a score of 20 out of the possible 25. There will be another shoot tomorrow evening. (Thursday) commencing at 7 o'clock, and all members are requested to turn out.

Married

HAY-BOND

One of those events in which all are interested, took place at the home of Mrs. Boyd on Tuesday afternoon when her daughter, Alma Elizabeth was married to David Hay. After the ceremony which was performed by the Rev. F. Locke, and a short time spent in congratulations, the guests, consisting of immediate relatives, sat down to a very delicious repast.

Mr. and Mrs. Hay left on the evening train for a brief visit to Calgary, Banff and Laggan, after which they will return to Lacombe.

Presbytery of Lacombe

The court met at Killam on Tuesday, 9th inst. The Rev. F. A. James, moderator, presided. Present with him were Messrs. Wm. Hamilton (clerk), Jas. H. Beatty, A. M. Dallas and Wm. Baird, ministers with Mr. Jos. Murray, elder.

Rev. D. Robertson, of Stettler by letter tendered his resignation as minister of that congregation. The session and congregation testified to his character and work, but as he intended returning to Scotland for a season, no opposition was made. The resignation was therefore accepted, and will take effect at the end of this month.

Lincoln School District

There will be a meeting of the residents of Lincoln School District in the school house on Monday evening, 22nd inst. This meeting is for the purpose of discussing the new Municipal Act, and all farmers in the district are requested to attend. Jas. Eadie and others will address the meeting.

The Gun Club
There was a large turnout to the weekly shoot of the Lacombe Gun Club on Thursday evening last, and some good shooting was done. Twenty members participated, and the honor fell to Guy Denner, with a score of 20 out of the possible 25.

There will be another shoot tomorrow evening. (Thursday) commencing at 7 o'clock, and all members are requested to turn out.

RIMBEY

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Waters returned to Edmonton Sunday after spending a week at the home of his brother, Kenneth, here.

Bishop Pinkham, of the Anglican Synod will be at Rimby next Saturday and Sunday and will conduct the Sunday morning service at the usual hour.

Mrs. Macevoy returned home last Saturday after an absence of several weeks spent at her home in Wisconsin.

Jos. Marshall sold the N. W. of 35-42-2 to A. H. Haden last week.

Wittenburg and Bluff Centre were well represented at the picnic despite the bad roads and high water.

The river was the highest last Tuesday that has ever been known by the oldest settlers here.

The picnic at Rimby last Thursday, under the auspices of the U.F.A. was well patronized, despite the showery weather in the forenoon. The afternoon was all that could be desired for weather and the sports were carried out as scheduled. Dr. Campbell, M.P.P., of Ponoka, was present, and gave a short talk in the evening on the new municipal act, after which many repaired to the dance hall where the best dance in Rimby for a good while was indulged in until morning.

BORN
FLEGAL—At Morningside, on Monday, July 15, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Flegal, a son.

HAMILTON—At Morningside, on Tuesday, July 16, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hamilton, a son.

MATTHIAS—At Blackfalds on July 10, to Mr. and Mrs. Eph. Matthias, a son.

A Big Experiment
The world is at last to have an out standing experiment in the principle of proportional voting. Hitherto it has been tested only in minor countries, but it is now to have full and abundant trial in France. There will doubtless be a great deal of misadventure and misconception in the process of its introduction, but its inherent rightness will win out. One of the chief obstacles in the way of introducing this obvious reform is the fact that the party in power in each country owes its position to other methods and would by the chance be abolishing its own constituency. While the plan might have academic and occasionally priority support, it was natural to suppose that ruling majorities, whatever

their theoretic views, would never be keen for its adoption. It has not so turned out in France. The reform was taken hold of by the Premier, M. Poincare, himself, and urged through by him with the utmost determination against opposition from his own more radical supporters who might be expected, but for ignorance or some such considerations as suggested, to be the very group that would most favor such a reform.

There may have been in many minds a strong prejudice against the change owing to memories of the time when France was before under the principle of scrutin de liste—that is, the election, not of single members for small electoral districts, arrondissements, but of groups of members for larger districts. The hope from that plan was that a larger sort of men would be chosen—men whose reputation and influence extended beyond their own neighborhood, that the Tammany art of nursing constituencies would be less of a determining factor and that a minority by combining was greatly increased by it. The minds of a strong prejudice against the change owing to memories of the time when France was before under the principle of scrutin de liste—that is, the election, not of single members for small electoral districts, arrondissements, but of groups of members for larger districts. The hope from that plan was that a larger sort of men would be chosen—men whose reputation and influence extended beyond their own neighborhood, that the Tammany art of nursing constituencies would be less of a determining factor and that a minority by combining was greatly increased by it. The nominations were less than ever those of the people, who simply voted a party ticket for candidates of whose merits they knew nothing, and the turn of a vote or two would at times mean a difference of a dozen votes on a parliamentary decision and even the control of the country.

The proportional voting system has been devised to prevent the nomination of a party ticket and to secure to minorities their rights. Instead of completely disfranchising the whole minority, as the old scrutin de liste did, it ensures that every ballot will count for something, if not in favor of a man's personal preference, then in favor of his next choice. Any voter is free under it to vote for the man who best represents him without fear of losing his vote should that man not get in. If his favored representative gets his bare fifth or sixth of the votes, plus one, he gets in. If he does not, the doctor's vote is counted for the man whom he next prefers. The system, although a little complicated to explain, is not the least difficult in the working. It is not necessary for a man, or an ox, to understand the digestive process, to be well nourished, and in like manner it is not necessary for every voter to understand the quotient system to be well represented. We shall now at all events have a test

of the system that the world can watch. In reforms which imply a surrender to reason as against clumsy custom, France is always in the rear. Every other country has adopted the decimal system in weights and measures before the two great English speaking countries. In currency the greatest money centre of the world has still the most barbarous and inconvenient system of counting money. Still there is a very powerful propaganda in England in favor of proportional voting. In that she is far ahead of Canada and the United States.

HAY TO LET ON SHARES
Several hundred acres good upland hay to let on shares. Apply to JOHN RATHJIE, Lacombe.

Stray Horses
On Sec. 29-40-25, on east 1/2 of town of Lacombe, the following horses and mares:

Bay gelding; black points; about 8 years old; X on left flank.
Dark bay mare; black points; white star on forehead; about ten years old; EP on right shoulder.

Bay mare about 3 years old; 3 white feet; Clyde bred; no visible brand.
Black mare; white hind leg and white stripe down face; about 3 years old; no visible brand.

Light roan gelding, about 3 years old; black points, right ear cropped; branded E3 on left flank.
Perhaps lower pot brand. V

Blue roan gelding, about 2 years old; U.S. on right shoulder; tail cut; branded on left flank. EJ, monogram letters reversed with quarter circle under.

Straight bay p. Ling, about 2 years old; tail cut; branded U.S. on right shoulder.

Iron grey gelding about 2 years old; tail cut; branded U.S. on right shoulder.

Red roan gelding, white eye on three legs, about 2 years old; tail cut; branded U.S. on right shoulder.

Dark bay mare; black points; about 5 years old; no visible brand.

Cream mare; about 2 years old; branded B, reversed on left shoulder.

Black gelding about 2 years old; white star on forehead; Percheron bred; no visible brand.

Black gelding; weight about 1200 lbs.; no visible brand.

Bay mare; black points and white star on forehead; yearling; no visible brand.

Light bay mare; about 8 yrs. old; white star on forehead; branded lazy G, right shoulder.

Grey mare about 8 years old; crop ears; branded AP on left flank.

Light bay gelding; about two years old; white stripe on face; S on right shoulder.

Cream gelding; 8 or 9 years old; white stripe on forehead; no visible brand.

Bay mare; yearling; white stripe on forehead and some white hairs in tail; no visible brand.

ALEX. J. LESLIE, Brand Reader.

UNION SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC
At Henry's Lake
Thursday, July 18th

Big Programme
Sports
Basketball and
Football Matches

TENDERS WANTED
Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned for the erection of a two-story school building at Clive, Alberta, to be built of solid brick; concrete basement has been completed. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Sec'y-Treas. A certified cheque for 10 per cent. of contract must accompany each tender. The cheque of all unsuccessful bidders will be returned within five days after tenders are opened. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

These tenders will be closed on Saturday, July 20th, 1912, and all tenders, plans and specifications must be in the hands of the Sec'y-Treas. on or before that time.

Clive School District No. 701.
P. B. FULLERTON, Sec'y-Treas.

(July 18-20)

UMBRELLAS
at special prices

THE LEADING STORE

Groceries & Fruits
of finest quality

July Clearance Sale

LADIES' DRESSES
AT
Sweeping Reductions

We will clear all our Ladies' ready-to-wear Dress
at less than cost. Fine Muslin, Linen and
Gingham Dresses.

Regular \$5.00	Clearing at	\$2.95
" 6.50	"	3.75
" 14.00	"	9.25

Dress Goods

50c. Dress Goods and Suitings in Panamas, Lustres and
Taffata Cloths in colors Brown, Grey, Blue and Green
Clearing at 25c. a yard

BARGAINS IN RENMANTS

Binder Twine

We have just received a carload of best quality Ply-
mouth Brand Manilla Binder Twine it will pay you
to book your order early and protect your self.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

One of the rules of this store is that regardless of the price
no article shall stay here long enough to become old stock.
With this rule in mind we have put prices on some 25
Men's Suits that will insure their being sent out to the for-
tunate ones at a great rate of speed. These suits have just
about "worn out their welcome" here as we need the room
for other and newer goods. Consequently if you get one of
these suits we will both be satisfied; you, that you have got
double your money's worth; and we, that we have made
room, and that our rule has not been broken.

Remember these garments are not old, out of date, or cheap stock,
but new, fashionable, and serviceable goods from our regular stock
and worth double the prices we are asking for them.

Remember also that as these bargain suits are limited, you will be
wise to look them over early and get the advantage of first choice
while your size is here. They range in prices from 10.00 to 20.00
and while they last we will offer them at 6.00 and 12.00 each.
Just 2 Prices. Hurry! Just 25 Suits.

The
Leading Store

A. M. CAMPBELL

The
Leading Store

WETASKIWIN'S AUTO FACTORY IS BIG FAKE

Promoters Under Arrest for False Pretenses. Lucky Lacombe
Refused to Bite

Edmonton, July 16.—One of the most interesting cases ever tried in the local police court came up yesterday afternoon when H. McDawin appeared for preliminary hearing before Magistrate Byers on a charge of false pretenses laid by Sydney J. Haskell. All the evidence in the case was taken, the magistrate reserving his judgment until this morning at 10:30.

According to the evidence the accused was the promoter of a more or less mythical company known as the Vulcan Automobile Company, capitalized at the fabulous sum of \$50,000,000 and possessing a charter in the state of Arizona. McDawin or McDavin or Davin, as he has been known in time past in Edmonton, opened offices in the Tegler Block. These were the head offices of the company but Wetaskiwin was presented as the city where the firm would manufacture its automobiles.

Another of McDawin's schemes according to the evidence yesterday, was known as the McDawin constructing company, whose aim and object appears have been to construct houses. This company carried on business for a time and several houses were built on the Ross flats.

Applied as Salesman. One day last April, the 26th, to be exact, Sydney J. Haskell walked all unsuspectingly into the offices of Mr. McDawin in response to an advertisement for a salesman which appeared in the local papers.

According to Mr. Haskell's evidence, he was accepted as salesman and told that it would be his duty to sell lots in the Weiler subdivision, in Wetaskiwin. Before being taken into the firm, however, he was told he must buy some stock in the Vulcan Automobile Company. The witness saw nothing wrong in this so long as the company was alright and he accordingly instituted inquiries which led him to believe that the Vulcan Automobile Company and the McDawin Construction Co. were bona fide concerns. With this information he paid over a cheque for \$50 as part payment for 25 shares in the Vulcan Company. The shares were valued at \$10 each and the remaining \$200 were to be paid by subtracting \$5 from the \$10 commission which he was to receive for the sale of each lot. The agreement with McDawin was that Haskell was to receive \$70 a month and commission.

Began to Get Suspicious. As his salary never materialized and he began to entertain grave suspicions as to the legitimacy of the firm for which he was working, the witness last Saturday night laid an information against his employer which resulted in the latter's arrest.

Haskell told an interesting story of his interview with McDawin in the office in the Tegler Block. He stated that McDawin told him that the company had just received a contract to build a \$1,500,000 automobile

factory in Wetaskiwin. He also stated that the companies he represented did considerable business in the city of Edmonton. At this point, A. Ross, secretary-treasurer of the company, who is being held on a charge of false pretenses similar to that of McDawin, entered the room. Ross asked the witness how much he was going to invest. The latter agreed to pay over a little and everything was smooth sailing.

Shown Wetaskiwin Map. Haskell was then shown a map of Wetaskiwin, showing the Weiler Subdivision which he was to sell. It was represented to him that the McDawin Construction Company owned this subdivision. He later learned that P. Weiler was the real owner.

Haskell then related a story of his tribulations as real estate salesman. His business was to sell lots in subdivision to citizens of Wetaskiwin. While the people of Wetaskiwin were enthusiastic over the proposition, they refused to do business until they were shown something tangible and as a result the witness failed to dispose of a single lot.

The Weekly Promise. "It was a weekly promise," he said, "that operations were to commence next week, but they never did." The foregoing story was brought out by E. B. Williams, solicitor for the complainant.

Cross examined by A. Stuart, representing the accused, Mr. Haskell stated that he knew that there actually was such a company in existence as the McDawin Construction Company and was aware that several houses had been built.

Cross examined by J. E. Wall bridge, solicitor for Ross, the witness stated that he had been

told by Ross that when he (witness) got through with the subdivision he might be allowed to act as salesman for the Vulcan Company. The witness was also told that garages were to be erected in all the principal cities in Canada.

The next witness was A. W. Hall, who stated that he knew the accused well two years ago under the name of H. Ewing McDawin. The only business he had with the accused was to give him some information regarding real estate in the city.

Held A Million Shares. A. Ross, secretary and treasurer of the company, also

charged with false pretenses, was next called, and stated that he had seen the cheque paid over by Mr. Haskell to McDawin. He denied having spoken to the complainant however. He held a million shares in the Vulcan company from Mr. Berg for his services. He stated that the company had a good agreement with Mr. Weiler, whereby the title of the subdivision could be secured by the payment of \$60 a lot. The Vulcan Company was capitalized at \$50,000,000.

During the summer months mothers of young children should watch for any unnatural looseness of the bowels. When given prompt attention at this time serious trouble may be avoided. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon. For sale by the Lacombe Drug Co.

and should a majority of the present commissioners and a majority of the present aldermen be returned at the polls there is no reason why the fight should not go right along next year. Electing two sets of men to manage a city's business has the same advantages and disadvantages as running a two-ringed circus. It provides more fun than the ordinary system, but it costs more money. Two bosses on one job means no boss—and a fight.

BRUSH BREAKING TO LET I want parties to do brush breaking. Write or see DAVID McDONALD, Lacombe.

FOR SALE One black and tan Fox Hound wall bred; (dog) one year old. Apply to E. FARLEY, Box 10 (Jy10-3c). Alia.

Buy it now. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over. Buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency. For sale by the Lacombe Drug Co.



You are losing much of the pleasure there is in photography if you are taking upon yourself the developing of your own films. Let us do that work for you if you want results. B. S. CAMERON Lacombe Alberta.

Do You Know Diamonds?

We mean can you judge of their lustre, radiance, purity, by looking at them — we thought not.

Only an expert can do that. Only a person who handles them all the time can really judge of these gems. Why not buy diamonds that have already been judged?

They are here.

We have a nice assortment, and the quality of our \$10 diamond ring is as good as the larger ones from \$50.00 to \$375 the only difference being in the size of stone.

John Bulger
Jeweler
Lacombe Alia

Calgary's Municipal Rumpus

It is Calgary's turn this year to supply Alberta newspapers with interesting incidents of a lively row at the city hall. From present prospects the southern city is likely to rival the record made by Edmonton last year in the same kind of entertainment. The city commissioners have declined to dismiss a number of officials whose dismissal the council calls for; and one of the commissioners whose resignation was also declared desirable, says he will quit when the electors tell him to quit. As the commissioners are elective, they are in position to keep on defying the council to the end of the season, and then carry the fight into the municipal election campaign.

HAY FOR SALE

I have a quantity of Good Native Hay for sale in the stack.

A. Hume

Tenders wanted for Breaking

I want to get from 20 to 40 acres of breaking done on the S.E. 36-40-28 w4. Apply to

A. HUME,

Office over Union Bank

Money To Loan

On Farm Lands, Business Places or Private Dwellings at low rates and on easy terms of re-payment.

A. Hume

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

GROCERS

BAKERS

CONFECTIONERS

Don't watch this space for snaps

Watch it for Quality Goods

EVERY LINE "VAN CAMPS" PEOPLE MAKE

" " "HEINZ" " "

" " "GOODWILLIE" " "

MACONOCHE'S PICKLES E. D. S. CANNED GOODS

GREEN GROCERIES AND BERRIES IF THEY ARE IN TOWN ARE AT OUR STORE

L. G. BEATTY & CO.